"Say No To Corruption"







Annual Report 2017





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Company Information

Board of Directors

Ms. Sarah Saif Khan Chief Executive

Mrs. Taufiqa Amanullah Khan

Mrs. Muniza Saif Khan

Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi

Mr. Ahsan ur Rehman Khan

Mr. Imran Zia

Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan

Chief Financial Officer / Company Secretary

Mr. Monim Ul Haq

Auditors

Mushtaq & Co, Chartered Accountants

Audit Committee

| Mr. | Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi | Chairperson |
|------|------------------------|-------------|
| Mrs. | Muniza Saif Khan | Member |
| Mrs. | Taufiqa Amanullah Khan | Member |

HR and Remuneration Committee

| Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi | Chairperson |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Ms. Sarah Saif Khan | Member |
| Mrs. Taufiqa Amanullah Khan | Member |

Registered Office

Redco Textiles Limited, Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad 44000, Pakistan. Tel: (+92-51) 2344252-5 Fax: (+92-51) 2344256 E-mail: sales@redcogroup.com

Mills

Redco Textiles Limited, 3-Km, Rawat-Kallar Seydan Road, P.O Sagri, Rawat, Rawalpindi.

Tel: (+92-51) 4610402-4 Fax: (+92-51) 46104041 E-mail: textiles@redcogroup.com



VISION

To become a **fully Integrated** textiles group, capable of developing **profitable** relationships with the world's brands.

To launch our own **finished products** brands.

The company shall strive to become a market leader in its fields of operation with an emphasis on providing **innovative** and high **quality** products.





MISSION

To provide **quality** products to customers and explore new markets to **expand sales** of the company.

To cultivate a dynamic team for achieving optimum prices for the company's products for **profitable** and sustainable growth.





NOTICE OF 26th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 26th Annual General Meeting of the members of Redco Textiles Limited will be held at its Registered Office at Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad on **Tuesday 31st October 2017 at 10:00 AM** to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

- 1) To confirm the minutes of last General Meeting held on 31st October 2016.
- 2) To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial statements for the year ended June 30th 2017 along with Directors and Auditors reports thereon.
- 3) To appoint Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending June 30th 2018 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s Mushtaq & Co, Chartered Accountants, being eligible offer themselves for reappointment.
- 4) To consider any other business with permission of the chair.

By order of the Board (Monim UI Haq) Company Secretary

Islamabad October 10, 2017

Notes:

- a) The Share Transfer Book of the Company will remain closed from 24th October to 31st October, 2017 (both days inclusive).
- b) A member entitles to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint any other member as his/ her proxy to attend and vote.
- c) The proxy to be valid must be in writing and received at the registered office of the company not later than 48 hours before the time of meeting and must be stamped, signed and witnessed.
- d) Members are requested to notify the Company regarding change in their addresses, if any.
- e) CDC shareholders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original National Identity Card, Account and Participants ID number, for identification purpose.



DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Directors of Redco Textiles Limited are pleased to present the 26th Annual Report along with Audited Financial Statements and Auditors Report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2017 and other required information prescribed under the Code of Corporate Governance.

Overview

The financial Year 2017 was a very challenging period for the whole Textile Industry in Pakistan. The major concerns of the industry were the energy crisis and high cost of production. The Company has incurred a gross loss of PKR 105.790 Million during the year ended 30th June 2017 and net after tax loss of Rs. 177.047 Million with negative EPS of PKR 3.592 per share. The continuing slide in the overall export, both in value and quantity terms is an alarming sign for the country's economy. The Financial year 2017 was a turbulent year. Lower cotton production has aggravated the situation. Yarn and fabric prices remain depressed due to low demand internationally as well as for the domestic market. We had to curtail the production of yarn during the year, due to losses and high cost of production. The Company has temporarily closed operations of its spinning unit since 19th April 2017 with the intensions to resume its operations after Balancing, Modernization and replacement (BMR) of Plant and Machinery. This is subject to the approval of financing arrangements from bank(s)/ financial institution(s) otherwise through director's loan/equity. To achieve most optimum results in the given circumstances, your management worked closely on planning and monitoring of production and efficient outcomes.

Operational Performance

Due to a declining trend in the textile business in the current year and tough business and economic conditions, mainly due to global recession and comparatively high cost of production compared to our neighboring countries the company posted a loss before taxation for the year ended 30th June 2017 of PKR 157.077 Million (30th June 2016: PKR 67.764 Million). The performance of the year under review may be compared against the preceding year below:

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| Sales - net | 1,816,846,285 | 1,742,091,665 |
| Cost of sales | 1,922,636,708 | 1,756,846,668 |
| Gross loss | (105,790,423) | (14,755,003) |
| Distribution cost | 8,135,139 | 7,283,756 |
| Administrative expenses | 18,012,391 | 20,009,908 |
| Other operating expenses | 5,116,680 | 2,141,119 |
| | 31,264,210 | 29,434,783 |
| Operating loss | (137,054,633) | (44,189,786) |
| Other operating income | 41,450 | 72,971 |
| | (137,013,183) | (44,116,815) |
| Finance cost | 20,064,122 | 23,647,324 |
| Loss before taxation | (157,077,305) | (67,764,139) |

During the year ended June 30, 2017 sales have increased from PKR 1.742 billion to PKR 1.817 billion as compared to last year.



Gross loss for the year under review is amounting to PKR 105.790 million as compared to gross loss PKR 14.755 million in the prior year. Whereas, loss before taxation for the year under review is amounting to PKR 157.077 million as compared to loss before tax of PKR 67.764 million in prior year.

During the year under review, the cost of production has increased significantly, mainly due to increase in production as well as raw material prices particularly in last quarter of the year. Also increase in salaries and wages rate by the government and other consumables prices remained unstable due to cost push inflation. The decreased sale prices combined with the increased raw material cost as well as inflated conversion costs have led to overall loss.

Acknowledgment

We humbly and gratefully bow our heads before Almighty Allah, the most Gracious and Merciful for guiding us and hope that the company will continue to be rewarded and blessed by His innumerable bounties.

We also take the opportunity to express our gratitude towards worthy staff, shareholders, our valued customers, suppliers and bankers for their co-operation and continued support.

Future Prospects

The adverse conditions in Pakistan's spinning and weaving sectors are due high cost of production compared to that of neighboring countries. Overseas markets have been penetrated by other countries on the basis of lower prices. We had to close down our spinning unit because of losses, and have therefore been able to plug excessive drainage of liquidity. The current market is not very favorable and we are foreseeing another challenging year ahead of us. However the management is actively taking all measures necessary to cope with these challenges. The Textile sector is still awaiting the announcement of incentives from Government of Pakistan which will support the industry to boost its sales and reduce cost of production.

Dividend Distribution

The company is following residual dividend policy and increasing the working capital base to avail the benefits of holdings.

Statement of Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

In Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance, we give below statement of corporate and financial reporting framework:

- 1. The financial statements presented by the management of the company presents fairly its affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- 3. International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Auditing Standards (IAS), as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements; any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.
- 4. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and it has been effectively implemented and monitored .The process review will continue and any weakness in internal control will be removed.
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.



- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance as detailed in listing regulations.
- 8. Key operating financial data for the last five years in summary form is annexed.
- 9. There are no levies and penalties due as on June 30, 2017.
- 10. Pattern of shareholding and additional data is annexed.
- 11. None of the directors, CEO, CFO or Company Secretary or their spouses or minor children have traded in the shares of the company during the year.

Board Meetings

During the year five board meetings were held. Attendance was as follows:

| Sr. | Director Name | Attendance |
|-----|-----------------------------|------------|
| 1 | Ms. Sarah Saif Khan | 5 |
| 2 | Mrs. Muniza Saif Khan | 5 |
| 3 | Mrs. Taufiqa Amanullah Khan | 5 |
| 4 | Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi | 5 |
| 5 | Mr. Imran Zia | 5 |
| 6 | Mr. Ahsan ur Rehman Khan | 4 |
| 7 | Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan | 4 |

Audit Committee

The board of Directors in compliance with the code of corporate governance established an audit committee . The names of the audit committee members are given in the 'Company Information page'.

HR and Remuneration Committee

The board of Directors in compliance with the code of corporate governance established an HR and Remuneration Committee. The names of HR and Remuneration committee members are given in the 'Company Information page'.

External Auditors

The audit committee and board of directors have recommended the re-appointment of M/S Mushtaq & Company, Chartered Accountants as external auditors up till the next Annual General Meeting.

For and on behalf of the Board,

Chief Executive

Dated: October 09, 2017



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2017

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation No. 5.19 of listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner;

1. The company encourages representation of independent non-executive Directors and Directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the board includes:

| 1. | Ms. Sarah Saif Khan | ChiefExecutive |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2. | Mrs. Muniza Saif Khan | Non-Executive |
| 3. | Mrs. Taufiqa Amanullah Khan | Non-Executive |
| 4. | Mr. Irfan Ahmed Siddiqi | Non-Executive Independent |
| 5. | Mr. Imran Zia | Executive |
| 6. | Mr. Ahsan ur Rehman Khan | Non-Executive |
| 7. | Mr. Khalid Rehman Khan | Non-Executive |

The independent director meets the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance.

- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as tax payer and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, DFI or a NBFI or, being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by the stock exchange.
- 4. No casual vacancy occurred in the Board during the financial year under review.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct, and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a Vision /Mission Statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decision on the material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The Meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairperson and, in his/ her absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board Meetings, along with the agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. Majority of Directors are exempt from training requirement and one Director Mr. Imran Zia has completed Director's Training Certification session in 2013 and Chief Executive Ms. Sarah Saif Khan has completed Director's Training Certification session in 2016.



- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Auditor, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment, as determined by the CEO.
- 11. The Directors report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and Executives do not held any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an audit Committee. It compromises of three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the chairperson of the committee is an independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held prior to approval of interim and final results of the company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It compromises of three members, of whom one is non-executive director, one is Chief Executive and chairperson of the committee is an independent director.
- 18. The board has outsourced the internal audit function to M/s Muniff Ziauddin & Co, who is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 19. The statuary auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partner of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) Guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchanges.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchanges.
- 23. The company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list
- 24. We confirm that all other material principals contained in the code have been complied with.

Chief Executive

Dated: October 09, 2017



MUSHTAQ & COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

H O: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 021-32638521-4 Fax: 021-32639843 Email Address: mushtaq_vohra@hotmail.com; info@mushtaqandcompany.com



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

On the Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed statement of compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Redco Textiles Limited "the Company"** for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the Code contained in regulation No. 5.19 of the Rule book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the statement of compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all the risks and control or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the audit committee and upon recommendation of audit committee, places before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the statement of compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Lahore:

Dated: October 09, 2017

MUSHTAQ & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Engagement Partner:
Zahid Hussain Zahid, ACA



MUSHTAQ & COMPANY

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

H O: 407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 021-32638521-4 Fax: 021-32639843 Email Address: mushtaq_vohra@hotmail.com; info@mushtaqandcompany.com



AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of **Redco Textiles Limited ("the Company")** as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement, and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verifications, we report that;

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion;
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the loss, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).
- (e) Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the note 1.2 which indicates that company has temporarily closed production of spinning unit.

Lahore:

Dated: October 09, 2017

MUSHTAQ & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Engagement Partner:
Zahid Hussain Zahid, ACA



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

| | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|
| , | | | • | (Rupees in | thousands) | |
| Profit and Loss | | | | | | |
| Net Sales | 1,816,846 | 1,742,092 | 1,677,975 | 2,211,316 | 2,438,127 | 1,712,919 |
| Gross Profit/(Loss) | (105,790) | (14,755) | 40,294 | 69,365 | 79,827 | 60,134 |
| Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation | (157,077) | (67,764) | (15,394) | 24,358 | 32,296 | 17,774 |
| Profit/(Loss) After Taxation | (177,047) | (82,472) | (19,571) | 5,417 | 21,524 | 32,574 |
| Cash Outflows | | | | | | |
| Taxes Paid | 23,469 | 13,870 | 17,016 | 23,098 | 15,835 | 13,637 |
| Financial Charges Paid | 21,170 | 25,623 | 22,396 | 12,722 | 14,767 | 17,858 |
| Fixed Capital Expenditures | 24,935 | 25,717 | 185,691 | 106,101 | 3,997 | 14,809 |
| Balance Sheet | | | | | | |
| Current Assets | 620,994 | 604,344 | 568,818 | 612,400 | 660,705 | 595,093 |
| Current Liabilities | 1,284,704 | 1,088,448 | 966,413 | 272,215 | 306,087 | 278,599 |
| Operating Fixed Assets | 1,045,847 | 1,081,183 | 1,112,302 | 982,386 | 924,456 | 968,760 |
| Total Assets | 1,672,731 | 1,690,754 | 1,686,115 | 1,599,822 | 1,590,182 | 1,568,788 |
| Shareholders Equity | 152,674 | 327,937 | 409,627 | 424,388 | 409,734 | 391,788 |
| Ratios | | | | | | |
| Current Ratio | 0.48:1 | 0.56:1 | 0.59:1 | 2.25:1 | 2.16:1 | 2.14:1 |
| Gross Profit/(Loss) % | (5.82) | (0.85) | 2.40 | 3.14 | 3.27 | 3.51 |
| Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation % | (8.65) | (3.89) | (0.92) | 1.10 | 1.32 | 1.04 |
| Earning Per Share % | (3.59) | (1.67) | (0.40) | 0.11 | 0.44 | 0.66 |
| Production Machines | | | | | | |
| Number of Air Jet Looms Installed | 120 | 120 | 120 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Number of Spindles Installed | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 | 22,500 |



FORM 34

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1. Incorporation Number

0025468(CUIN)

2. Name of the Company

Redco Textiles Limited

3. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2017

| Shareholding | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------------------------|--|
| 4. No. of Shareholders | From | То | Total Shares Held | |
| 40 | 1 | 100 | 1,385 | |
| 503 | 101 | 500 | 244,550 | |
| 112 | 501 | 1000 | 111,922 | |
| 239 | 1001 | 5000 | 728,252 | |
| 86 | 5001 | 10000 | 713,228 | |
| 35 | 10001 | 15000 | 447,460 | |
| 23 | 15001 | 20000 | 425,216 | |
| 17 | 20001 | 25000 | 403,387 | |
| 5 | 25001 | 30000 | 137,500 | |
| 9 | 30001 | 35000 | 300,000 | |
| 7 | 35001 | 40000 | 270,300 | |
| 4 | 40001 | 45000 | 170,100 | |
| 9 | 45001 | 50000 | 445,300 | |
| 1 | 50001 | 55000 | 53,000 | |
| 4 | 55001 | 60000 | 237,000 | |
| 1 | 60001 | 65000 | 62,500 | |
| 3 | 65001 | 70000 | 201,500 | |
| 1 | 70001 | 75000 | 75,000 | |
| 2 | 75001 | 80000 | 153,700 | |
| 1 | 85001 | 90000 | 88,700 | |
| 2 | 95001 | 100000 | 200,000 | |
| 2 | 105001 | 110000 | 215,100 | |
| 1 | 115001 | 120000 | 116,300 | |
| 2 | 120001 | 125000 | 247,800 | |
| 1 | 140001 | 145000 | 142,400 | |
| 2 | 145001 | 150000 | 294,800 | |
| 2 | 175001 | 180000 | 353,300 | |
| 1 | 205001 | 210000 | 205,500 | |
| 1 | 215001 | 220000 | 216,000 | |
| 1 | 240001 | 245000 | 243,500 | |
| 1 | 265001 | 270000 | 265,400 | |
| 1 | 290001 | 295000 | | |
| 1 | | 445000 | 294,700 | |
| 1 | 440001 | | 442,300 | |
| 1 | 445001 | 450000 | 448,800 | |
| _ | 625001 | 630000 | 627,500 | |
| 1 | 880001 1105001 | 885000 | 884,600 | |
| 1 | 1105001 | 1110000 | 1,105,750 | |
| 1 | 1960001 | 1965000 | 1,965,000 | |
| 1 | 8220001 | 8225000 | 8,223,300 | |
| 1 | 13365001 | 13370000 | 13,365,400 | |
| 1 1128 | 14165001 | 14170000 | 14,165,150 49,292,600 | |



| 5. Categories of shareholders | Share held | Percentage |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| 5.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officers, and their spouse and minor childern | 28,150,750 | 57.1095% |
| 5.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. | 0 | 0.0000% |
| 5.3 NIT and ICP | 427,900 | 0.8681% |
| 5.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. | 1,019,322 | 2.0679% |
| 5.5 Insurance Companies | 1,965,000 | 3.9864% |
| 5.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds | 49,500 | 0.1004% |
| 5.7 Share holders holding 10% or more | 35,753,850 | 72.5339% |
| 5.8 General Public a. Local b. Foreign | 16,552,327 4,000 | 33.5797% 0.0081% |
| 5.9 Others (to be specified)1- Joint Stock Companies2- Investment Companies | 478,501 645,300 | 0.9707% 1.3091% |



Redco Textiles Limited Catagories of Shareholding required under Code of Coprorate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2017

| Sr. No. | Name | No. of Shares Held | Percentage |
|------------|--|-----------------------|------------|
| Associated | d Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail): | - | - |
| Mutual Fu | ınds (Name Wise Detail) | - | - |
| Directors | and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail): | | |
| 1 | MRS. TAUFIQA AMANULLAH KHAN | 442,300 | 0.8973% |
| 2 | MRS. MUNEZA SAIF-UR-REHMAN KHAN | 176,400 | 0.3579% |
| 3 | MR. IRFAN AHMED SIDDIQI | 500 | 0.0010% |
| 4 | MS. SARAH SAIF KHAN | 14,165,150 | 28.7369% |
| 5 | MR. ASHAN UR REHMAN | 13,365,400 | 27.1144% |
| 6 | MR. KHALID REHMAN KHAN | 500 | 0.0010% |
| 7 | MR. IMRAN ZIA | 500 | 0.0010% |
| Executive | s: | - | - |
| Public Se | ctor Companies & Corporations: | - | - |
| - | evelopment Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance es, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds: | 3,033,822 | 6.1547% |
| Sharehol | ders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company | (Name Wise D | etail) |
| S. No. | NAME | HOLDING | %AGE |
| 1 | MS. SARAH SAIF KHAN | 14,165,150 | |
| 2 | MR. ASHAN UR REHMAN | 13,365,400 | |
| 3 | MR. SAIF-UR-REHMAN KHAN | 8,223,300 | 16.6826% |
| | in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, CEO and their spouses and minor children: | , CFO, Compa | ny |
| S.No | NAME | SALE | PURCHASE |



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED BALANCE SHEET

AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| ASSETS | | | |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 1,045,847,046 | 1,081,182,819 |
| Long term investment | 6 | 70,345 | 69,035 |
| Long term deposits | 7 | 5,819,879 | 5,157,879 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | 1,051,737,270 | 1,086,409,733 |
| | , _ | 40 700 000 | 40.272.040 |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock in trade | 8 9 | 49,782,209 | 48,373,840 |
| Trade debts | 10 | 306,112,244 | 327,457,466 |
| Loans and advances | 11 | 147,779,139 41,499,291 | 137,062,221 31,443,739 |
| | 12 | 57,732 | 807,145 |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | 13 | | |
| Tax refunds due from Government Cash and bank balances | 14 | 61,234,680 14,528,417 | 55,940,809 3,258,827 |
| Casti aliu balik batailees | 14 | | |
| | _ | 620,993,712 | 604,344,047 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | _ | 1,672,730,982 | 1,690,753,780 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Authorized capital | | | |
| 50,000,000 (June 30, 2016: 50,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each | = | 500,000,000 | 500,000,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up capital | 15 | 492,926,000 | 492,926,000 |
| Reserves | 13 | 15,270 | 13,960 |
| Accumulated loss | | (340,267,139) | (165,002,722) |
| | _ | 152,674,131 | 327,937,238 |
| SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND | | | |
| EQUIPMENT - NET OF TAX | 16 | 217,320,455 | 223,308,148 |
| NON CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Long term financing from banking companies | 17 | 7,692,304 | 38,461,536 |
| Deferred liabilities | 18 | 10,339,967 | 12,598,609 |
| | _ | 18,032,271 | 51,060,145 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | | |
| Trade and other payables | 19 | 239,888,312 | 225,054,224 |
| Accrued mark up / interest | 20 | 2,506,805 | 3,612,530 |
| Short term borrowings from banking companies | 21 | 71,339,951 | 96,464,936 |
| Short term borrowings from associated undertakings | 22 | 592,931,873 | 483,062,651 |
| Short term borrowings from directors and others | 23 | 347,267,952 | 249,484,676 |
| Current portion of : | | | |
| Long term financing from banking companies | | 30,769,232 | 30,769,232 |
| | | 1,284,704,125 | 1,088,448,249 |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | 24 | | |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | = | 1,672,730,982 | 1,690,753,780 |
| The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements. | | | |

2017

2016



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Operating loss

Other income

Finance cost

Taxation

Loss before taxation

Loss for the year

Loss per share - basic and diluted

| | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|--------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Sales - net | 25 | 1,816,846,285 | 1,742,091,665 |
| Cost of sales | 26 | 1,922,636,708 | 1,756,846,668 |
| Gross loss | _ | (105,790,423) | (14,755,003) |
| Distribution cost | 27 | 8,135,139 | 7,283,756 |
| Administrative expenses | 28 | 18,012,391 | 20,009,908 |
| Other operating expenses | 29 | 5,116,680 | 2,141,119 |
| | | 31,264,210 | 29,434,783 |

30

31

32

33

2017

(137,054,633)

(137,013,183)

20,064,122

(157,077,305)

(19,969,809)

(177,047,114)

(3.592)

41,450

2016

(44,189,786)

(44,116,815)

23,647,324

(67,764,139)

(14,708,053)

(82,472,192)

(1.673)

72,971

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | Note | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------|---------------|--------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | |
| Loss for the year | | (177,047,114) | (82,472,192) |
| Other comprehensive income: | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss | | | |
| Available for sale financial assets | | | |
| Fair value Gain / (loss) arised during the period | | 1,310 | (20,585) |
| | | 1,310 | (20,585) |
| Items that will never be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss | | | |
| Re-measurement on staff retirement benefits | | (5,999,969) | (7,565,819) |
| Deferred tax on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits | | 1,794,973 | 2,217,088 |
| | | (4,204,996) | (5,348,731) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | = | (181,250,800) | (87,841,508) |



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| | Reserves | | |
|------------------|--|--|---|
| Share capital | Unrealized gain on available for sale investment | Accumulated loss | Total equity |
| | Rup | ees | |
| 492,926,000 | 34,545.00 | (83,334,018) | 409,626,527 |
| | (20,585) | (87,820,923) | (87,841,508) |
| - | - | 6,152,219 | 6,152,219 |
| 492,926,000 | 13,960 | (165,002,722) | 327,937,238 |
| | 1,310 | (181,252,110) | (181,250,800) |
| - | - | 5,987,693 | 5,987,693 |
| 492,926,000 | 15,270 | (340,267,139) | 152,674,131 |
| | 492,926,000 - 492,926,000 | Share capital Unrealized gain on available for sale investment Rup 492,926,000 34,545.00 - (20,585) | Share capital Unrealized gain on available for sale investment Accumulated loss |

DIRECTOR

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE



The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss before taxation (157,077,305) (67,764,139) Adjustments for : | | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|--|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Adjustments for : Depreciation Depreciation Depreciation Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity Finance cost Finance cost Finance cost Coperating (loss) / profit before working capital changes Changes in working capital: (Increase) / decrease in current assets Stores, pare parts and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Trade debts Trade deposits and short term prepayments (Gecrease) in current liabilities Trade and other payables Trade and other payables Cash (used) / generated from operations Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid Thance cost paid Taxes paid Cash (used) / generated from operations Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid Taxes paid Taxes paid Cash (used) / generating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired Long term deposits Long term deposits Short term borrowings from banking companies Short term borrowings from banking companies Short term borrowings from banking companies Long term financing from banking companies Net cash used from benefits or gastal and cash equivalents Long term financing from banking companies Long term financing activities Long term financi | CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | Парсол | марсоз |
| Depreciation | Loss before taxation | | (157,077,305) | (67,764,139) |
| Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity Finance cost Finance cost Finance cost Finance cost Finance cost Coperating (loss) / profit before working capital changes Changes in working capital: (Increase) / decrease in current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock in trade Stock in trade Trade debts Trade debts Trade deposits and short term prepayments Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities Trade and other payables Trade deposits (59,038,256) 48,167,916 Trade deposits (11,169,848) Trade deposit | Adjustments for : | _ | | |
| Prinance cost 20,064,122 23,647,324 83,291,165 89,124,675 | Depreciation | | 60,270,608 | 60,923,792 |
| Sa,291,165 89,124,675 | Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | | |
| Changes in working capital: | Finance cost | | 20,064,122 | 23,647,324 |
| Changes in working capital: (Increase) / decrease in current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools (1,408,369) (2,148,623) Stock in trade (1,716,918) (1,902,639) Trade debts (10,716,918) (1,902,639) Trade debts (10,716,918) (1,902,639) Trade deposits and short term prepayments (9,306,139) (2,215,783) Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities (14,747,884 26,807,380 Trade and other payables (14,747,884 26,807,380 Cash (used) / generated from operations (59,038,256) 48,167,916 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid (11,215,045) (9,944,235) Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid | | | 83,291,165 | 89,124,675 |
| (Increase / decrease in current assets (1,408,369) (2,148,223 (47,495,164) Trade debts (10,716,918) (1,902,639 Trade debts (10,716,918) (1,902,639 Trade deposits and short term prepayments (9,306,139) (2,215,783 Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities (14,474,884 26,807,380 Trade and other payables (14,474,884 26,807,380 Trade and other payables (11,215,045) (14,147,884 26,807,380 Trade and other payables (11,215,045) (11,2 | Operating (loss) / profit before working capital changes | _ | (73,786,140) | 21,360,536 |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools (1,408,369) (2,148,623) (47,495,164) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,0639) (17,169,181) (19,061,191) (17,170,18 | Changes in working capital: | | | |
| Stock in trade | (Increase) / decrease in current assets | _ | | |
| Trade debts (10,716,918) 1,902,639 Trade deposits and short term prepayments (9,306,139) 2,215,783 Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities 14,834,088 72,332,745 Trade and other payables 14,477,884 26,807,380 Cash (used) / generated from operations (59,038,256) 48,167,916 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid (11,215,045) (9,944,235) Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) Taxes paid (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (25,716,580) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM Financing activities (25,124,985) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM Financing activities (25,124,985) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM Fina | Stores, spare parts and loose tools | | (1,408,369) | (2,148,623) |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments (9,306,139) (2,215,783 | Stock in trade | | 21,345,222 | (47,495,164) |
| Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities Trade and other payables 14,834,088 72,332,745 | Trade debts | | (10,716,918) | 1,902,639 |
| Trade and other payables 14,834,088 72,332,745 Cash (used) / generated from operations (59,038,256) 48,167,916 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid (11,215,045) (9,944,235) Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) Taxes paid (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (662,000) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (25,968,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (25,124,985) (25,968,519) Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Incre | Trade deposits and short term prepayments | | (9,306,139) | 2,215,783 |
| 14,747,884 26,807,380 | Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities | | | |
| Cash (used) / generated from operations (59,038,256) 48,167,916 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid (11,215,045) (9,944,235) Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from banking companies 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beg | Trade and other payables | | 14,834,088 | 72,332,745 |
| Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid (11,215,045) (9,944,235) Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from associated undertakings 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year< | | | 14,747,884 | 26,807,380 |
| Finance cost paid (21,169,848) (25,622,696) Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) (13,870,496) (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from directors and others 19,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Long term financing from banking companies 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Cash (used) / generated from operations | _ | (59,038,256) | 48,167,916 |
| Taxes paid (23,468,707) (13,870,496) Ket cash used from operating activities (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from associated undertakings 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity paid | | (11,215,045) | (9,944,235) |
| (55,853,600) (49,437,427) Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) (20,425,144,836 | Finance cost paid | | (21,169,848) | (25,622,696) |
| Net cash used from operating activities (114,891,855) (1,269,511) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Property, plant and equipment - acquired (662,000) (251,939) Long term deposits (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from associated undertakings 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Taxes paid | | (23,468,707) | (13,870,496) |
| Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) (29,642,514) Short term borrowings from associated undertakings (19,869,222) (29,783,276) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities (11,269,590) (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | | L | (55,853,600) | (49,437,427) |
| Property, plant and equipment - acquired (24,934,836) (25,716,580) Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 20,642,514 Short term borrowings from associated undertakings 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Net cash used from operating activities | _ | (114,891,855) | (1,269,511) |
| Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Long term deposits (662,000) (251,939) Net cash used in investing activities (25,596,836) (25,968,519) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) 109,869,222 33,392,704 Short term borrowings from directors and others 97,783,276 (2,357,530) Long term financing from banking companies (30,769,232) (30,769,232) Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Property, plant and equipment - acquired | | (24,934,836) | (25,716,580) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Short term borrowings from banking companies Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Short term borrowings from directors and others Long term financing from banking companies Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | | | | |
| Short term borrowings from banking companies (25,124,985) Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Short term borrowings from directors and others Long term financing from banking companies Net cash generated from financing activities Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (25,124,985) 109,869,222 33,392,704 (2,357,530) (30,769,232) (30,769,232) 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Net cash used in investing activities | | (25,596,836) | (25,968,519) |
| Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Short term borrowings from directors and others Long term financing from banking companies Net cash generated from financing activities Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 109,869,222 33,392,704 (2,357,530) (30,769,232) 151,758,281 20,908,456 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Short term borrowings from associated undertakings Short term borrowings from directors and others Long term financing from banking companies Net cash generated from financing activities Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 109,869,222 33,392,704 (2,357,530) (30,769,232) 151,758,281 20,908,456 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Short term borrowings from banking companies | | (25,124,985) | 20,642,514 |
| Short term borrowings from directors and others Long term financing from banking companies Net cash generated from financing activities Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 197,783,276 (2,357,530) (30,769,232) (30,769,232) 151,758,281 20,908,456 11,269,590 (6,329,574) 23,258,827 9,588,401 | | | | 33,392,704 |
| Net cash generated from financing activities 151,758,281 20,908,456 Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Short term borrowings from directors and others | | | (2,357,530) |
| Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 11,269,590 (6,329,574) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 3,258,827 9,588,401 | Long term financing from banking companies | | (30,769,232) | (30,769,232) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 9,588,401 | Net cash generated from financing activities | L | 151,758,281 | 20,908,456 |
| | Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | _ | 11,269,590 | (6,329,574) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 14 14,528,417 3,258,827 | Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 3,258,827 | 9,588,401 |
| | Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 14 | 14,528,417 | 3,258,827 |



REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 Redco Textiles Limited is a Public Limited Company, incorporated in Pakistan on 17 October 1991. It was incorporated under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchanges. Redco's principal activities include manufacture and sale of yarn and grey fabric. The registered office of the Company is situated at 78-E, Redco Arcade, Blue Area, Islamabad.
- **1.2** Company has temporarily closed operations of its spinning unit since 19th April 2017 with the intensions to resume its operations after Balancing, modernization and replacement of plant and machinery.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of The Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance) and the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board and Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under The Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under The Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever the requirements of The Companies Ordinance, 1984 or directives issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of IFRS or IFAS, the requirements of The Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the requirements of the said directives prevail.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.3.1 Standards, amendments or interpretations which became effective during the year:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for the accounting period beginning on or after 1 July 2016 and Company does not expect to have any material / significant changes in its accounting policy except for disclosures, where applicable:

- Amendments to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' on the disclosure initiative are applicable to annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016, The amendments are made in the context of the IASB's Disclosure Initiative, which explores how financial statement disclosures can be improved. The amendments provide clarifications on a number of issues, including: Materiality an entity should not aggregate or disaggregate information in a manner that obscures useful information. Where items are material, sufficient information must be provided to explain the impact on the financial position or performance. Notesconfirmation that the notes do not need to be presented in a particular order. Other comprehensive income(OCI) arising from investments accounted for under the equity method the share of OCI arising from equity-accounted investments is grouped based on whether the items will or will not subsequently be Reclassified to profit or loss. According to the transitional provisions, the disclosures in IAS 8 regarding the adoption of new standards/ accounting policies are not required for these amendments. These amendments likely to only affects the disclosures in the Company's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets and IAS 16 Property, plant and equipment (effective for periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016) introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-bases methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortization methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible assets are highly correlated, or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.



2.3.2 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company

- IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers' is applicable to accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The IASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This will replace IAS 18 which covers contracts for goods and services and IAS 11 which covers construction contracts. The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognized when control of a good or service transfers to a customer so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards. The standard permits a modified retrospective approach for the adoption. Under this approach entity will recognize transitional adjustments in retained earnings on the date of initial application, i.e. without restating the comparative period. They will only need to apply the new rules to contracts that are not completed as of the date of initial application. The Company has yet to assess the impact of this standard on its financial statements.
- IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments' (effective for periods beginning on or after January 01, 2018). IASB has published the complete version of IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments', which replaces the guidance in IAS 39. This final version includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used today. The Company has yet to assess the impact of these changes on its financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 12, 'Income taxes' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The amendment clarify that the existence of a deductible temporary difference depends solely on a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset and its tax base at the end of the reporting period, and is not affected by possible future changes in the carrying amount or expected manner of recovery of the asset. The amendments are not likely to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The amendment requires disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flow and non-cash changes. The amendments are not likely to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.
- **2.3.3** There are a number of other minor amendments and interpretations to other approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and therefore have not been presented here.

3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis except Cash flows and for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value.

The company's significant accounting policies are stated in note 4. Not all of these significant policies require the management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies which the management considers critical because of their complexity, judgment of estimation involved in their application and their impact on these financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events and the actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows.

3.1 Income Taxes

The Company takes into account relevant provisions of the current income tax laws while providing for current and deferred taxes as explained in notes of these financial statements.

3.2 Property, Plant & Equipment

The Company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss.



3.3 Stores, spares and loose tools

Management has made estimates for realizable amounts of slow moving and obsolete stores and spares items to determine provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Any future change in the estimated realizable amounts might affect the carrying amount of stores and spares with corresponding effect on amounts recognized in the profit & loss account as provision / reversal.

3.4 Defined Benefits Plan

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in respective note of these financial statements for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligation. Any changes in these assumptions in future years might affect actuarial gains/losses recognized in those years with corresponding effect on carrying amount of defined benefit plan liability.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost or revalued amounts, as the case may be, less accumulated depreciation or impairment, if any and capital work in progress is stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged on the basis of written down value method whereby cost or revalued amount of an asset is written off over its useful life without taking into account any residual value. Depreciation on additions to fixed assets or deletion is charged on prorata basis for the period of use during the year.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Amount equivalent to incremental depreciation charged on revalued assets is transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment net of deferred taxation to retained earnings (unappropriated profit).

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if significant at each balance sheet date.

Disposal of assets is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to the ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gains and losses on disposal of operating fixed assets are taken to profit and loss account.

4.2 Impairment losses

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets excluding inventory may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to profit and loss account, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease.

4.3 Long term investments

Investment available for sale

These are initially recognized at cost and at subsequent reporting dates measured at fair values. Gains or losses from changes in fair values are taken to equity until disposal at which time these are recycled to profit and loss account.

4.4 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores and spares are stated at lower of weighted average cost and estimated net realizable value. These have been valued using moving average cost except for those in transit which are valued at actual cost. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items.



4.5 Stock in trade

Stock in trade, except stock in transit are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value except waste / rags which are valued at contract prices. Stocks of yarn / cloth purchased are valued at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Raw materials Yearly moving average method except stock in transit.
- Work in process Average manufacturing cost including proportionate production overheads.
- Finished goods Lower of cost and net realizable value.

Net realizable value represents estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less expenses incidental to make the sale.

Stock in transit is valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges thereon.

4.6 Trade debtors

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount being the fair value, less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end, if any. Provision is made against those having no activity during the current financial year and is considered doubtful by the management. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

4.7 Other receivables

Other receivables are recognized at nominal amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in future.

4.8 Cash and bank balances

Cash in hand and at banks are carried at nominal amounts.

4.9 Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates contributory unfunded gratuity scheme for its officers and employees. Provision for gratuity is made on the basis of last drawn salary for each completed year of service. Minimum qualifying period for gratuity benefit is one year from the date of joining. Contributions made are based on actuarial recommendations. The most recent actuarial valuation was carried out at June 30, 2017 using the Projected Unit Credit method.

4.10 Taxation

Current

The Company accounts for current taxation on the basis of taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

Deferred tax is computed using the balance sheet liability method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or subsequently enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available and the credits can be utilized.

Further, the Company has recognized the deferred tax liability on surplus on revaluation of fixed assets which has been adjusted against the related surplus.



4.11 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

4.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

4.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The revenue arising from different activities of the Company is recognized on the following basis:

Local sales are recognized on dispatch of goods to customers.

Scrap sales are recognized when delivery is made to customers.

Export sales are recognized on shipment basis and the revenue from export rebate is accounted for on accrual basis.

Interest income is recognized as revenue on time proportion basis.

4.14 Borrowing cost

Borrowing cost on long term finances which are specifically obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which these are incurred.

4.15 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalent comprise cash in hand, cash at bank and short term investments with maturity of not later than three months at known amount in rupees.

4.16 Related party transactions

Transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes as admissible.

4.17 Dividend and apportioning to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

4.18 Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is included in profit and loss account.

4.19 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.



4.20 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Pak rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.



5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | | | | | | | | | Note | | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | | Operating fixed asset | is . | 5.1 | | 1,045,847,046 | 1,081,182,819 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 1,045,847,046 | 1,081,182,819 |
| 5.1 Operating fixed assets | | c | OST / REVALUATIO | N . | | | | D | EPRECIATION | | | BOOK VALUE |
| PARTICULARS | As at July 1, 2016 | Additions / Adjustments | Deletion/ Transfer | Addition due to surplus revaluation | As at June 30, 2017 | Rate | As at July 1, 2016 | For the year | Deletion/ Transfer | Addition due to surplus revaluation | As at June 30, 2017 | As at June 30, 201 |
| OWNED ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Freehold land | 124,550,000 | - | - | - | 124,550,000 | | - | - | - | - | - | 124,550,000 |
| Building on free hold land | 281,475,151 | • | - | - | 281,475,151 | 0.05 | 133,110,051 | 7,418,255 | - | | 140,528,306 | 140,946,845 |
| Plant and machinery | 1,175,170,259 | - | - | - | 1,175,170,259 | 0.05 | 485,245,259 | 34,496,250 | - | - | 519,741,509 | 655,428,750 |
| Generators | 98,779,737 | 15,821,164 | - | - | 114,600,901 | 0.05 | 35,779,737 | 3,458,539 | - | - | 39,238,275 | 75,362,626 |
| Tools and equipment | 25,320,122 | - | - | - | 25,320,122 | 0.05 | 12,386,782 | 646,667 | - | - | 13,033,449 | 12,286,673 |
| Tools | 121,940,071 | 8,707,272 | - | ÷ | 130,647,342 | 0.33 | 86,676,962 | 13,490,331 | - | - | 100,167,293 | 30,480,049 |
| Vehicles | 9,659,800 | - | - | - | 9,659,800 | 0.20 | 7,032,526 | 525,455 | - | - | 7,557,981 | 2,101,819 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 2,343,237 | - | - | - | 2,343,237 | 0.05 | 1,193,996 | 57,462 | - | - | 1,251,458 | 1,091,779 |
| Office equipment | 4,110,405 | 406,400 | - | - | 4,516,805 | 0.05 | 2,046,696 | 112,348 | - | - | 2,159,044 | 2,357,762 |
| Laboratory equipment | 6,028,249 | - | - | - | 6,028,249 | 0.05 | 4,722,204 | 65,302 | - | - | 4,787,506 | 1,240,743 |
| Total 2017 | 1,849,377,031 | 24,934,836 | - | - | 1,874,311,867 | | 768,194,212 | 60,270,608 | - | - | 828,464,820 | 1,045,847,046 |
| | | c | OST / REVALUATIO | IN . | | | | D | EPRECIATION | | | BOOK VALUE |
| PARTICULARS | As at July 1, 2015 | Additions / Adjustments | Deletion/ Transfer | Addition due to surplus revaluation | As at June 30, 2016 | Rate | As at July 1, 2015 | For the year | Deletion/ Transfer | Addition due to surplus revaluation | As at June 30, 2016 | As at June 30, 201 |
| OWNED ASSETS | | | | • | | | | | | • | | |
| Freehold land | 124,550,000 | - | - | - | 124,550,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 124,550,000 |
| Building on free hold land | 278,530,531 | - | - | 2,944,620.00 | 281,475,151 | 0.05 | 123,990,536 | 7,727,000 | - | 1,392,516 | 133,110,051 | 148,365,10 |
| Plant and machinery | 1,171,450,839 | ÷ | - | 3,719,420.00 | 1,175,170,259 | 0.05 | 447,512,540 | 36,196,915 | - | 1,535,804 | 485,245,259 | 689,925,000 |
| Generators | 92,511,346 | 5,715,800 | - | 552,591.00 | 98,779,737 | 0.05 | 32,407,685 | 3,171,894 | - | 200,158 | 35,779,737 | 63,000,001 |
| Tools and equipment | 25,320,122 | - | - | - | 25,320,122 | 0.05 | 11,706,080 | 680,702 | - | - | 12,386,782 | 12,933,340 |
| Tools | 102,160,447 | 19,779,624 | - | - | 121,940,071 | 0.33 | 74,415,831 | 12,261,131 | - | - | 86,676,962 | 35,263,109 |
| Vehicles | 9,659,800 | - | - | - | 9,659,800 | 0.20 | 6,375,707 | 656,819 | - | - | 7,032,526 | 2,627,27 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 2,147,081 | 196,156 | - | - | 2,343,237 | 0.05 | 1,141,253 | 52,743 | - | - | 1,193,996 | 1,149,24 |
| Office equipment | 4,085,405 | 25,000 | - | - | 4,110,405 | 0.05 | 1,938,847 | 107,849 | - | - | 2,046,696 | 2,063,70 |
| Laboratory equipment | 6,028,249 | - | - | - | 6,028,249 | 0.05 | 4,653,465 | 68,739 | - | - | 4,722,204 | 1,306,045 |
| Total 2016 | 1,816,443,820 | 25,716,580 | | 7,216,631 | 1,849,377,031 | | 704,141,944 | 60,923,792 | | 3,128,477 | 768,194,212 | 1,081,182,819 |

5.2 On the date of revaluation, accumulated depreciation is restated proportionately with the change in the gross carrying amount of the asset so that the carrying amount of the asset after revaluation equals its revalued amount.

| | | 2017 | 2016 | |
|--|------|------------|------------|--|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees | |
| 5.3 Depreciation has been allocated as follows | | | | |
| Cost of sales | 26 | 59,510,042 | 60,037,642 | |
| Administrative expenses | 28 | 760,567 | 886,150 | |
| | | 60,270,608 | 60,923,792 | |



| 6 | LONG TERM INVESTMENT | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|-----|--|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Available for sale - quoted company | 6.1 | 70,345 | 69,035 |
| 6.1 | This represents the investment in 500 (June 30, 2016 : 500) ordinary shar (June 30, 2016 : Rs. 138.07) per share. | es of Rs. 10 each in | OGDCL. The market valu | e as at is Rs. 140.69 |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 7 | LONG TERM DEPOSITS | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Deposits : | | | |
| | WAPDA | | 2,620,940 | 2,620,940 |
| | SNGPL | | 3,121,439 | 2,459,439 |
| | Others | | 77,500 | 77,500 |
| | | - - | 5,819,879 | 5,157,879 |
| 8 | STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS | - | | |
| | Stores | | 40,393,307 | 37,663,903 |
| | Spares parts | | 6,771,487 | 6,630,418 |
| | Packing material | | 2,607,692 | 4,063,944 |
| | Loose tools | | 9,723 | 15,575 |
| | | - | 49,782,209 | 48,373,840 |
| 9 | STOCK IN TRADE | = | | |
| | Raw material | 9.1 | 118,826,611 | 116,736,497 |
| | Work in process | | 23,781,297 | 39,647,511 |
| | Finished goods | 9.1 | 158,053,004 | 164,525,767 |
| | Waste | | 5,451,333 | 6,547,691 |
| | | - | 306,112,244 | 327,457,466 |
| 9.1 | These include raw material and finished stocks amounting to Rs. 64.794 n 11.347 million (June 30, 2016: Rs. 55.145 million) pledged with NIB Bar Alfalah against short term borrowings respectively. | | | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 10 | TRADE DEBTS | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Unsecured | | | |
| | Considered good | | 147,779,139 | 137,062,221 |
| | Considered doubtful | | 9,306,463 | 6,282,610 |
| | | - | 157,085,602 | 143,344,831 |
| | Less: Provision for doubtful debts | | (9,306,463) | (6,282,610) |
| | | - | 147,779,139 | 137,062,221 |
| 11 | LOANS AND ADVANCES | = | | |
| | Unsecured - considered good | | | |
| | Advances to: | | | |
| | Suppliers | | 35,589,969 | 26,654,515 |
| | Employees | 11.1 | 5,909,322 | 4,789,224 |
| | | - | 41,499,291 | 31,443,739 |
| | | = | 71,777,471 | 31,773,737 |



| 11.1 | Employees - unsecured | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
|--------|--|------|--------------|--------------|
| | Considered good | | 5,909,322 | 4,789,224 |
| | Considered doubtful | | 5,266,941 | 5,266,941 |
| | | ı | 11,176,263 | 10,056,165 |
| | Less: Provision for doubtful advances to employees | | (5,266,941) | (5,266,941) |
| | | | 5,909,322 | 4,789,224 |
| 11.1.1 | These loans are given against the salaries and wages of the employees. | | | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 12 | TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Short term prepayments | | 57,732 | 71,292 |
| | Deposit against LC margin | | - | 735,853 |
| | | | 57,732 | 807,145 |
| 13 | TAX REFUNDS DUE FROM GOVERNMENT | | | |
| | Sales tax refundable | | 41,089,682 | 29,473,623 |
| | Advance income tax | 13.1 | 20,144,998 | 26,467,186 |
| | | | 61,234,680 | 55,940,809 |
| 13.1 | Advance income tax | | | |
| | Opening balance | | 26,467,186 | 30,133,103 |
| | Add: Payment / adjustment during the year | | 11,852,648 | 13,874,183 |
| | | | 38,319,834 | 44,007,287 |
| | Adjusted against provision for the year | | (18,174,836) | (17,540,101) |
| | Closing balance | | 20,144,998 | 26,467,186 |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 14 | CASH AND BANK BALANCES | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Cash in hand | | 398,251 | 613,890 |
| | Cash with banks in : | | | |
| | - Current accounts | | 14,052,905 | 2,459,239 |
| | - Saving accounts | 14.1 | 77,261 | 185,699 |
| | | ı | 14,130,166 | 2,644,937 |
| | | | 14,528,417 | 3,258,827 |
| | | • | | |

14.1 It carries rate of return ranging from 2 % to 5 % (June 30, 2016 : 4 % to 7 %) per annum.



15 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP CAPITAL

| 2017 | Number of shares | 2016 | | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|------|------------------|------------|---|----------------|----------------|
| | 49,292,600 | 49,292,600 | Ordinary shares of 10 each fully paid in cash | 492,926,000 | 492,926,000 |

- 15.1 The shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction.
- 15.2 There is no movement in share capital during the year.

| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
|---------------------|--|------|-------------|-------------|
| SURPLUS - NET OF | ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT TAX | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Opening | balance - gross | | 274,545,303 | 279,246,034 |
| Add: | Surplus arised during the year | | - | 4,088,153 |
| | | | 274,545,303 | 283,334,187 |
| Less: | Transferred to equity in respect of: | | | |
| | Incremental depreciation on revalued assets | | 5,987,693 | 6,152,219 |
| | Related deferred tax liability | | 2,566,154 | 2,636,665 |
| | | | 8,553,847 | 8,788,884 |
| Closing b | alance - gross | | 265,991,456 | 274,545,303 |
| Less: | Related deferred tax liability | | | |
| | Revaluation at the beginning of the year | | 51,237,155 | 52,647,375 |
| | Related deferred tax liability on addition to surplus | | - | 1,226,446 |
| | Effect of change in tax rate | | - | - |
| | Amount realized during the year on account of incremental depreciation | n | (2,566,154) | (2,636,665) |
| | | | 48,671,001 | 51,237,155 |
| Closing b | alance - net of tax | | 217,320,455 | 223,308,148 |
| | | | | |

- 16.1 Under the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Company cannot use the surplus except for setting off the losses arising out of the disposal of the revalued assets, losses arising out of the subsequent revaluation of assets and to set-off any incremental depreciation arising as a result of revaluation.
- 16.2 Subsequent to revaluation on September 30, 1995, September 30, 1996, September 30, 2004, May 18, 2007, January 2008 and June 2012 which had resulted in surplus of Rs. 102.674 million, Rs. 262.692 million, Rs. 275.315 million, deficit of Rs. 101.399 million and deficit of Rs. 67.302 million and surplus of 56.537 respectively, the Free hold land, building on free hold land, plant and machinery and generators have been revalued again on June 30, 2016 resulting in a surplus of Rs. 4.088 million. The revaluation was conducted by an independent valuer M/s. Engineering Pakistan International (Pvt) Limited.

Basis of revaluation:

Free hold land Market value
Building on free hold land Replacement cost
Plant and machinery Replacement cost
Generators Replacement cost

 $\mbox{\sc Had}$ there been no revaluation, the net book value of these assets would have amounted to:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|----------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Free hold land | | 21,081,636 | 21,081,636 |
| Building on free hold land | | 94,116,730 | 99,070,242 |
| Plant and machinery | | 544,092,248 | 572,728,682 |
| Generators | | 55,493,522 | 58,414,234 |
| | | 714,784,136 | 751,294,794 |



| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
|----|--|--------|--------------|--------------|
| 17 | LONG TERM FINANCING FROM BANKING COMPANIES | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | -Secured | | | |
| | Opening balance | | 69,230,768 | 100,000,000 |
| | Received during the year | | - | - |
| | | - | 69,230,768 | 100,000,000 |
| | Payment during the year | | (30,769,232) | (30,769,232) |
| | | - | 38,461,536 | 69,230,768 |
| | Current portion | | (30,769,232) | (30,769,232) |
| | | - - | 7,692,304 | 38,461,536 |

7.1 Company obtained 4 years term finance loan amounting to Rs. 100.00 million against the facility of Rs. 100 million from Bank Alfalah Limited against import of machinery. This loan is secured against personal guarantee of the directors, 1st parri passu charge of Rs.40 million over the current asset, 1st parri passu charge of Rs 295 million over the fixed asset of the company.

The loan is repayable in 13 equal quarterly installments commencing from August 11, 2015. The loan is subject to mark up at 3 month kibor plus 3% per annum. Mark up is payable quarterly. The grace period for the repayment of long term loan is 9 months from date of disbursement.

| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
|------|--------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 18 | DEFERRED LIABILITIES | | | |
| | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | 18.1 | 10,339,967 | 12,598,609 |
| | Deferred taxation | 18.2 | - | - |
| | | | 10,339,967 | 12,598,609 |
| 18.1 | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | | |
| | Opening balance | | 12,598,609 | 10,423,466 |
| | Add: Provision for the year | | 2,956,434 | 4,553,559 |
| | Remeasurements recognized | | 5,999,969 | 7,565,819 |
| | | | 21,555,012 | 22,542,844 |
| | Less: Paid during the year | | 11,215,045 | 9,944,235 |
| | Closing balance | | 10,339,967 | 12,598,609 |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

18.1.1 General description

The scheme provides for termination benefits for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period at varying percentages of last drawn gross salary. The percentage depends on the number of service years with the company. Annual charge is based on actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2017, using Projected Unit Credit Method.

| 18.1.2 | Principal actuarial assumptions | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|--------|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| | Following are a few important actuarial assumptions used in the valuation: | | | |
| | | | % | % |
| | Discount rate | | 7.65% | 8.33% |
| | Expected rate of increase in salary | | 10.00% | 10.00% |
| | | | Years | Years |
| | Average expected remaining working life time of the employees | | 9 | 10 |
| 18.1.3 | Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation | | | |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation -Opening balance | | 12,598,608 | 10,423,465 |
| | Current service cost | | 2,391,593 | 3,883,406 |
| | Interest cost | | 564,840 | 670,153 |
| | Benefits paid during the period | | (11,215,045) | (9,944,235) |
| | Remeasurement loss/ (gain) arising during the year | | 5,999,969 | 7,565,819 |
| | Closing balance | | 10,339,966 | 12,598,608 |



| 18.1.4 Charge for the year |
|----------------------------|
|----------------------------|

| | Current service cost | 2,391,593 | 3,883,406 |
|--------|---|-----------|-----------|
| | Interest cost | 564,840 | 670,153 |
| | | 2,956,434 | 4,553,559 |
| 18.1.5 | Gratuity expenses have been allocated as follows | | |
| | Cost of goods manufactured | 2,956,434 | 4,553,559 |
| | | 2,956,434 | 4,553,559 |
| 18.1.6 | Expenses recognized in other comprehensive income | | |
| | Remeasurement in the year | 5,999,969 | 7,565,819 |
| | | | |

18.1.7 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumption

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumption by 100 basis point

| | Discount rate Expected rate of increase in future salaries | | | | Increase in assumption (675,841) 715,671 | Decrease in assumption 738,961 (667,831) |
|--------|---|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|--|
| 18.1.8 | Historical information | | | | | |
| | | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees | 2013 Rupees |
| | Present value of defined benefits obligation | 10,339,966 | 12,598,608 | 10,423,465 | 9,429,293 | 15,698,024 |
| | Experience adjustments on plan liabilities | 5,999,969 | 7,565,819 | 1,995,365 | (4,286,830) | 9,034,792 |
| 18.1.9 | Expected gratuity expenses for the year ended Ju | une 30, 2018 works o | ut Rs. 3,061,767 . | | | |
| 18.2 | Deferred taxation | | | | | |
| | Opening balance Add: Provided on surplus during the year | | | | | 3,822,690 1,226,446 |
| | Less: Reversed on surplus during the year due to Add / (less): Provided /(reversed) during the year Less: Charged through other comprehensive incomprehensive incomprehensive incomprehensive incomprehensive incomprehensive | r in profit and loss ac | | | - 1,794,973 (1,794,973) | (2,832,048) (2,217,088) |
| | | | | - | - | - |
| | Deferred tax liabilities / (assets) arising due to tax | kable /(deductible) t | emporary differences | s are as follows: | | |
| | | | | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
| | Accelerated tax depreciation Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and ed | quipment | | | 131,336,813 48,671,001 | 125,399,387 50,010,709 |
| | Surplus arised due to revaluation of property plan | nt and equipment | | | - | 1,226,446 |
| | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | | | (3,093,342) | (4,329,300) |
| | Provision for doubtful debts / advances | | | | (4,359,833) | (3,384,480) |
| | Turnover tax carried forward | | | | (86,231,472) | (90,382,191) |
| | Brought forward tax losses | | | _ | (156,107,176) | (102,080,807) |
| | | | | _ | (69,784,009) | (23,540,236) |
| | Tax rate used | | | _ | 30% | 30% |

During the year net deferred tax assets amounting to Rs. 69,784,009 (2016: Rs. 22,902,832) has not been recognized because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilized.

| 19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|-----------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Creditors | | 165,319,617 | 129,929,564 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 21,178,048 | 42,246,366 |
| Advances from customers | | 34,907,447 | 33,876,449 |
| Withholding tax payable | | 18,027,086 | 18,545,731 |
| Workers' welfare fund | 19.1 | 456,113 | 456,113 |
| | | 239,888,312 | 225,054,224 |



19.1 Workers welfare fund

| | Opening balance | | 456,113 | 456,113 |
|----|---|------|------------|------------|
| | Provision for the year | | - | - |
| | Less: Payment during the year | | - | - |
| | | | 456,113 | 456,113 |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 20 | ACCRUED MARK UP / INTEREST | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Interest / markup accrued on: | | | |
| | Long term borrowings - Bank Al - Falah Limited | | 257,989 | 616,394 |
| | Short term borrowings - NIB Bank Limited | | 1,284,298 | 1,122,402 |
| | Short term borrowings - Bank Al - Falah Limited | | 964,517 | 1,873,734 |
| | | | 2,506,805 | 3,612,530 |
| 21 | SHORT TERM BORROWINGS FROM BANKING COMPANIES | | | |
| | Secured - From banking companies - | | | |
| | Cash Finance I | 21.1 | 46,509,859 | 33,165,784 |
| | Cash Finance II | 21.2 | 19,812,839 | 20,000,000 |
| | Cash Finance III | 21.3 | 5,017,253 | 43,299,152 |

21.1 This facility is availed from NIB Bank (formerly PICIC Commercial Bank Limited) against aggregate limit of Rs. 80 million (June 30, 2016: Rs.85 million) to finance cotton, yarn and fabric with a ratio of 63:19:19 (June 30, 2016:59:24:18) respectively. This facility is secured against hypothecation charge of Rs. 60 million on current assets of the company and 1st parri passu charge of Rs.120 million on fixed assets of the Company including land, building and machinery, pledge of cotton bales, yarn and fabric on market value, pledge of cotton bales / yarn on the market value or landed cost whichever is less with 10% margin and personal guarantee of the sponsors and directors. It carries markup at last 7 days' average 3 months KIBOR plus 3% (June 30, 2016: last 7 days' average 3 months KIBOR plus 3%) per annum and payable quarterly.

71,339,951

96,464,936

- 21.2 This facility is availed from Bank Al falah Limited against aggregate limit of Rs. 20 million (June 30, 2016: Rs. 20 million). This facility is secured against first parri passu charge of Rs. 40 million (June 30, 2016: 40 million) on current assets of the company, first pari passu charge of Rs. 295 million (June 30, 2016: 295 million) on fixed assets of the company and personal guarantee of all directors of the company. This facility carry markup at 6 months KIBOR plus 3% (June 30, 2016: 6 months KIBOR plus 3%) per annum payable quarterly.
- 21.3 This facility is availed from Bank Al falah Limited against aggregate limit of Rs. 80 million (June 30, 2016: Rs 80 million). This facility is secured against pledge of cotton on market value with 15% margin over Karachi Cotton Association (KCA) rates. It carries markup at 6 months KIBOR plus 3% (June 30, 2016: 6 months KIBOR plus 3%) per annum.
- 21.4 The above facilities will expire on various dates by January 31, 2018.

| 22 | SHORT TERM BORROWINGS FROM ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|----|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| | Subordinated to banking companies | | | |
| | Unsecured - from related parties | | | |
| | Redco Pakistan Limited | 22.1 | 486,822,408 | 376,953,186 |
| | Royal Holdings (Private) Limited | 22.1 | 106,109,465 | 106,109,465 |
| | | | 592,931,873 | 483,062,651 |

22.1 These are unsecured and interest free loans payable to associated undertakings. Out the above balance amount of Rs. 414.766 million (June 30 2016: Rs. 414.766 million) have been subordinated to NIB Bank and Bank AlFalah Limited.

| 23 | SHORT TERM BORROWINGS FROM DIRECTORS AND OTHERS | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|----|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| | Subordinated to banking companies | | | |
| | Unsecured - from directors and sponsors | | | |
| | Sponsor | | | |
| | Saif-ur-Rehman Khan | 23.1 | 335,050,351 | 237,267,075 |
| | Chief Executive | | | |
| | Ms. Sarah Saif Khan | 23.1 | 5,092,570 | 5,092,570 |
| | Directors | | | |
| | Ahsan-ur- Rehman Khan | 23.1 | 3,525,031 | 3,525,031 |
| | Mrs. Tufiqa Amanullah Khan | 23.1 | 3,600,000 | 3,600,000 |
| | | | 347,267,952 | 249,484,676 |
| | Mrs. Iutiqa Amanullan Knan | 23.1 | | |



23.1 These are unsecured and interest free loans payable to the directors, chief executive and sponsors. Out the above balance amount of Rs. 247.139 million (June 30 2016: Rs. 247.139 million) have been subordinated to NIB Bank and Bank AlFalah Limited.

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS 24

24.1 CONTINGENCIES

- 24.1.1 The company has availed the facility for issuance of performance guarantees (LG) (Existing) from Bank Alfalah Limited amounting to Rs. 26,940,753 (June 30, 2016: Rs. 26,940,753). This facility is secured against counter guarantee of the company and carry commission of 0.40% per quarter (June 30, 2016 :0.40% per quarter) maximum tenor: performance bond revolving.
- 24.1.2 The company had filed suit in Honorable Lahore High Court against the recovery of arrears of gas infrastructure development cess (GIDC) on basis of Section 8 (2) of the Gas infrastructure development cess act 2015 (GIDC Act 2015) which categorically grant exemption to such industrial consumers of natural gas. The Honorable Court has granted an interim stay and restraining the Sui Northern Gas pipeline (SNGPL) from recovery of arear amount of GIDC. The matter is still pending in Honorable Courts.
- 24.1.3 The company had filed a writ petition in the Honorable Lahore High Court against the recovery of gas tariff difference rate decided from Oil and Gas Regularity Authority (OGRA). Presently, the recovery of OGRA decision on gas tariff has been stayed by the Honorable court. Legal counsel of the company anticipates that the case will be decided in the favor of the company.

24.2 COMMITMENTS

Outstanding commitments related to letter of credit for the purchase of cotton yarn at the end of the year equivalent to Pak Rs. 20.075 million. (June 30, 2016: 3.66 million).

| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
|------|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| 25 | SALES - Net | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Export - Fabric | | | 5,110,338 |
| | Local | | | |
| | - Yarn | | 431,813,601 | 418,092,503 |
| | - Fabric | | 1,369,221,418 | 1,302,299,283 |
| | | ! | 1,801,035,019 | 1,720,391,786 |
| | Waste sale | | 22,678,313 | 22,814,453 |
| | | | 1,823,713,333 | 1,748,316,577 |
| | Commission | | (6,867,048) | (6,224,912) |
| | | | 1,816,846,285 | 1,742,091,665 |
| 25.1 | Sales tax on local sales is nil (June 30: 2016 Rs. 54,448,302) | | | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 26 | COST OF SALES | | · | • |
| | Raw material consumed | 26.1 | 1,324,079,604 | 1,179,903,929 |
| | Packing material consumed | 26.2 | 15,356,840 | 20,619,245 |
| | Stores and spare parts and loose tools consumed | 26.3 | 58,996,850 | 85,404,887 |
| | Fuel and power | | 264,755,254 | 229,164,053 |
| | Salaries, wages and other benefits | 26.4 | 165,016,861 | 182,182,405 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | | 6,810,586 | 6,911,715 |
| | Depreciation | 5.3 | 59,510,042 | 60,037,642 |
| | Other expenses | | 5,771,693 | 6,348,591 |
| | Cost of manufacturing | | 1,900,297,730 | 1,770,572,467 |
| | Work in process: | | | |
| | Opening | | 39,647,511 | 39,447,003 |
| | Closing | | (23,781,297) | (39,647,511) |
| | | ' | 15,866,214 | (200,508) |
| | Cost of goods manufactured | | 1,916,163,944 | 1,770,371,959 |
| | Finished goods: | | | |
| | Opening | | 164,525,767 | 151,000,476 |
| | Closing | | (158,053,004) | (164,525,767) |
| | | ı | 6,472,763 | (13,525,291) |
| | | | 1,922,636,708 | 1,756,846,668 |
| | | _ | | |



| 26.1 | Raw material consumed | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
|--------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Opening | | 123,284,188 | 89,514,823 |
| | Add: Purchases during the year | | 1,325,073,359 | 1,213,673,294 |
| | | | 1,448,357,547 | 1,303,188,117 |
| | Closing stock | 26.1.1 | (124,277,944) | (123,284,188) |
| | | | 1,324,079,604 | 1,179,903,929 |
| 26.4.4 | This includes usable weath stock of Da. E. 451, 222 (June 20, 2044), Da. 27 (75 E) | : | | .,, |
| 26.1.1 | This includes usable waste stock of Rs. 5,451,333 (June 30, 2016: Rs. 26,675,56) | 30). | | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 26.2 | Packing material consumed | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Opening stock | | 4,063,944 | 3,952,542 |
| | Add: Purchases during the year | | 13,900,588 | 20,730,647 |
| | | | 17,964,532 | 24,683,189 |
| | Closing stock | | (2,607,692) | (4,063,944) |
| | | | 15,356,840 | 20,619,245 |
| | | • | | |
| 26.3 | Store, spare parts and losse tools consumed | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 |
| 20.3 | Store, spare parts and loose tools consumed | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Opening stock | | 44,309,896 | 42,272,675 |
| | Add: Purchases during the year | | 61,861,472 | 87,442,108 |
| | | | 106,171,368 | 129,714,783 |
| | Closing stock | | (47,174,518) | (44,309,896) |
| | | • | 58,996,850 | 85,404,887 |
| 26.4 | Salaries, wages and other benefits includes Rs. 2,956,434 (June 30, 2016: Rs. 4, | 553,559) in respect of staff retire | ement benefits - gratuity. | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 27 | Distribution cost | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | • | • |
| | Salaries and other benefits Local taxes, carriage and freight | | 5,104,799 2,163,750 | 4,626,809 1,824,980 |
| | Postage, telephone and telegraph | | 67,410 | 114,504 |
| | Traveling and conveyance | | 779,455 | 667,768 |
| | Other selling expenses | | 19,725 | 49,695 |
| | | | 8,135,139 | 7,283,756 |
| | | : | | |
| 28 | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | Note | 2017 Bunner | 2016 |
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Salaries and other benefits | | 11,732,040 | 13,905,472 |
| | Traveling and conveyance | | 577,660 | 351,394 |
| | Entertainment | | 581,758 | 248,653 |
| | Communication | | 922,685 | 1,119,148 |
| | Printing and stationery | | 202,761 538,855 | 242,136 917,178 |
| | Vehicle running and maintenance Fee and subscription | | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| | Repair and maintenance | | 437,738 | 262,303 |
| | Depreciation | 5.3 | 760,567 | 886,150 |
| | Others | 5.5 | 2,158,327 | 1,977,474 |
| | | | 18,012,391 | 20,009,908 |
| | | : | | |



28.1 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for the remuneration, including benefits applicable to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Company are as follow:

| | 2017 | | | 2016 | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| | Chief executive | Directors | Executives | Chief executive | Directors | Executives | | |
| | | Rupees | | | Rupees | | | |
| Managerial Remuneration | - | 1,174,578 | 9,168,910 | 1,200,000 | 600,000 | 9,998,000 | | |
| | | 1,174,578 | 9,168,910 | 1,200,000 | 600,000 | 9,998,000 | | |
| Number of Persons paid | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 7 | | |

28.1.1 Other than One director, company has not paid any fee or remuneration to executive / non executive directors of the company (June 30, 2016 : Rs. 600,000).

| | 600,000). | | 2047 | 2044 |
|----|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| 29 | OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES | Note | 2017 Rupees | 2016 Rupees |
| | Legal and professional | | 1,291,552 | 1,281,070 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | | | |
| | Audit fee | | 704,275 | 704,275 |
| | Fee for certification including half yearly review | | 97,000 | 97,000 |
| | | ' | 801,275 | 801,275 |
| | Provision for doubtful debt | | 3,023,853 | - |
| | Exchange loss on foreign currency | | - | 58,774 |
| | | | 5,116,680 | 2,141,119 |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| 30 | OTHER INCOME | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | From financial assets | | | |
| | Dividend | | 2,500 | 2,975 |
| | Profit on bank deposits | | 38,950 | 69,996 |
| | | | 41,450 | 72,971 |
| 31 | FINANCE COST | | | |
| | Mark up / interest on : | | | |
| | Long term borrowings | | 5,121,200 | 8,355,237 |
| | Short term borrowings | | 12,104,536 | 12,629,857 |
| | Bank charges and commission | | 2,838,386 | 2,662,230 |
| | | | 20,064,122 | 23,647,324 |
| 32 | TAXATION | | | |
| | Current | | | |
| | Current year | | 18,237,383 | 17,483,463 |
| | | | 18,237,383 | 17,483,463 |
| | Prior year | | (62,547) | 56,638 |
| | Deferred | | | |
| | Current year | | 1,794,973 | (2,832,048) |
| | | | 19,969,809 | 14,708,053 |
| | | | | |

^{32.1} The assessment of the company will be finalized in respect of export proceeds under presumptive tax regime under section 169. Other than export income, assessment will be finalized under the universal self assessment scheme of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Income tax assessment has been finalized up to June 30, 2016.



| 33 | EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Loss for the year | Note | 2017 Rupees (177,047,114) | 2016 Rupees (82,472,192) |
|----|--|------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year | | Numbers 49,292,600 | Numbers 49,292,600 |
| | | | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Loss per share - basic | | (3.5918) | (1.6731) |

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the company.

34 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

34.1 The related parties and associated undertakings of the company comprise of associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings involve inter company fund transfer and advance for repayment of the long term finance. The company's aggregate transactions with the associated companies are as follows:

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|------------------------|--|-------------|------------|
| Associated companies | Nature of transactions | Rupees | Rupees |
| Redco Pakistan Limited | Inter company advance / loan - received | 120,513,933 | 46,989,790 |
| Redco Pakistan Limited | Inter company advance / loan - payment | 10,644,710 | 13,597,086 |
| Related parties | Nature of transactions | | |
| Saif Ur Rehman Khan | Borrowing from directors and others - reciepts | 98,656,670 | - |
| Saif Ur Rehman Khan | Borrowing from directors and others - payment | 873,394 | 2,357,530 |

34.2 There are no transactions with key management personnel other than under their terms of employment.



35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- 35.1 Credit risk
- 35.2 Liquidity risk
- 35.3 Market risk

The board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies.

35.1 Credit risk

35.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances, trade deposits and short term prepayments and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 174.037 millions (June 30, 2016 :150.268 millions), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs. 159.508 million (June 30, 2016 : Rs. 147.009 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows.

| 2017 2016 Rupees Rupee | es 57,879 |
|---|--------------|
| | 57,879 |
| | |
| Long term deposits 5,819,879 5,1! | 62 221 |
| Trade debts 147,779,139 137,00 | 02,221 |
| Loan and advances 5,909,322 4,76 | 89,224 |
| Cash and bank balances 14,528,417 3,25 | 58,827 |
| 174,036,757 150,26 | 68,151 |
| 35.1.2 The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance sheet date by type of customer is as follows. | |
| 2017 2016 | ذ |
| Rupees Rupee | es |
| Yarn 10,762,155 24,25 | 55,197 |
| Fabric 145,724,076 118,5! | 54,046 |
| Waste 599,371 5: | 35,588 |
| 157,085,602 143,3- | 44,831 |
| 35.1.3 The aging of trade debtors at the balance sheet is as follows. | |
| Gross debtors | |
| 2017 2016 | |

| Not past due | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Past due 90 days - 1 year | | | |
| More than one year | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Impairment | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| Gross debtors | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2017 | 2016 | | | | | | |
| Rupees | | | | | | | |
| 126,561,019 | 118,954,763 | | | | | | |
| 11,836,193 | - | | | | | | |
| 18,688,390 | 24,390,067 | | | | | | |
| 157,085,602 | 143,344,830 | | | | | | |
| (9,306,463) | (6,282,610) | | | | | | |
| 147,779,139 | 137,062,221 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

35.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

2017

| | | | | 2017 | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Contractual Cash flows | Six months or less | Six to twelve months | One to two year | Two to five years | More than five years |
| | | | | Rupees | | | |
| Non - derivative | | | | | | | _ |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Long term financing from banking | | | | | | | |
| companies | 38,461,536 | 41,567,380 | 17,399,667 | 16,361,611 | 7,806,102 | - | - |
| Accrued Mark up / interest | 2,506,805 | 2,506,805 | 2,506,805 | - | - | | - |
| Trade and Other Payables | 204,980,865 | 204,980,865 | 204,980,865 | | | | |
| Short term borrowings: | | | | | | | |
| from banking companies | 71,339,951 | 77,047,147 | 77,047,147 | - | - | - | - |
| from associated undertaking | 592,931,873 | 592,931,873 | 592,931,873 | - | - | - | - |
| from directors and others | 347,267,952 | 347,267,952 | 347,267,952 | - | - | - | - |
| | 1,257,488,982 | 1,266,302,021 | 1,242,134,309 | 16,361,611 | 7,806,102 | - | - |
| | | | | | | | |



2016

| | Carrying Amount | Contractual Cash flows | Six months or less | Six to twelve months | One to two | Two to five years | More than five years |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | Rupees | | , | , |
| Non - derivative | | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Long term financing from banking | | | | | | | |
| companies | 69,230,768 | 79,380,970 | 19,442,473 | 18,371,111 | 41,567,386 | - | - |
| Accrued Mark up / interest | 3,612,530 | 3,612,530 | 3,612,530 | - | - | - | - |
| Trade and Other Payables | 191,177,775 | 191,177,775 | 191,177,775 | | | | |
| Short term borrowings: | | | | | | | |
| from banking companies | 96,464,936 | 103,217,481 | 103,217,481 | - | - | - | - |
| from associated undertaking | 483,062,651 | 483,062,651 | 483,062,651 | - | - | - | - |
| from directors and others | 249,484,676 | 249,484,676 | 249,484,676 | - | - | - | - |
| | 1,093,033,311 | 1,109,936,058 | 1,049,997,561 | 18,371,111 | 41,567,386 | | - |
| | | | | | | | |

35.2.1 The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark up rates effective as at June 30. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

35.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities, and liquidity in the market. The company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

35.3.1 Currency risk

Exposure to currency risk

The company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts, borrowing and import of raw material and stores that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of the company, primarily in US Dollar and Euro. The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated is US Dollar and Euro. The company exposure to foreign currency risk is nil as there balance of trade debts (foreign) is nil.

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year.

| | Average rates | | Reporting date rates | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------|----------------------|--------|
| Financial assets | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| US Dollar to Rupee | 104.65 | 103.63 | 104.80 | 105.76 |

Sensitivity analysis

5% strengthening of Pak Rupee against the following currencies at June 30, would have no effect on equity and profit and loss by the amount shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. 5% weakening of Pak Rupee against the above currencies at periods ends would have had the equal but opposites effect on the above currencies to the amount shown below, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

| 2017 | 2016 |
|--------|--------|
| Rupees | Rupees |
| | |
| - | - |

US Dollar 35.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposures arises from short and long term borrowings from bank and term deposits and deposits in PLS saving accounts with banks. At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the company's interest bearing financial instrument is as follows.

| | Rupees | Rupees |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Fixed rate instruments Financial assets | | |
| Financial liabilities | - | - |
| Variable rate instruments Financial assets | 77,261 | 185,699 |
| Financial liabilities | 109,801,487 | 165,695,704 |

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments



A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for June 30, 2016.

| | Profit a | and loss | | Equ | uity |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 100 BP increase | 100 BP decrease | | 100 BP increase | 100 BP decrease |
| - | | | Rupees | | |
| Ī | 1,098,015 | (1,098,015) | | - | - |
| | 1,656,957 | (1,656,957) | | | |

35.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2017
Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2016

The carrying value of all financial instruments reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

| | | Rupees | Rupees |
|------|---|------------|------------|
| 35.5 | Off balance sheet items | | |
| | Bank guarantees issued in ordinary course of business | 26,940,753 | 26,940,753 |

35.6 The effective rate of interest / mark up for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

36 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company's prime object when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total capital employed. Borrowings represent long term financing, long term loan from directors and others and short term borrowings. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus borrowings.

| | | 2017 | 2016 |
|------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Borrowings | Rupees | 71,339,951 | 96,464,936 |
| Total equity | Rupees | 224,014,082 | 424,402,174 |
| Total capital employed | Rupees | 295,354,033 | 520,867,109 |
| Gearing ratio | Percentage | 24.15 | 18.52 |

37 PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw material used, spindle speed and twist. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

| Spinning | 2017 | 2016 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Number of spindles installed | 22,500 | 22,500 |
| Installed capacity at 20's counts based on 1080 shifts - lbs. | 15,156,000 | 15,156,000 |
| Capacity utilized | 59% | 80% |
| Actual production of yarn - lbs. | 10,541,600 | 13,602,600 |
| Actual production converted into 20's count - lbs. | 8,965,805 | 12,069,605 |
| Number of shifts worked per day | 3 | 3 |
| Number of shifts worked | 837 | 980 |
| Weaving | | |
| Number of looms installed | 120 | 120 |
| Installed capacity at 60 picks - meters | 13,540,200 | 13,540,200 |
| Capacity utilized | 78% | 86% |
| Actual production of cloth - meters | 12,224,469 | 13,543,491 |
| Actual production of cloth converted at 60 picks at | | |
| 100% efficiency - meters | 10,580,894 | 11,703,248 |
| Number of shifts per day | 3 | 3 |
| Number of shifts worked | 1,061 | 989 |



| 30 | NUMBER OF EMPLOTEES | | |
|----|---|-----|----|
| | Total number of employees at year end | 360 | 84 |
| | Average number of employees during the year | 735 | 8 |
| 39 | DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE | | |

These financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on _____

40 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR



بورڈ میٹنگ

سال کے دوران پانچ بورڈ میٹنگ وقوع پذیر ہوئی ہیں، جنگی حاضری مندرجہ ذیل ہے

| حاضري | ڈ ائر یکٹر کا نام | نمبرشار |
|-------|---------------------------|---------|
| 5 | محترمه ساره سيف خان | ſ |
| 5 | ببيكم منز وسيف خان | ۲ |
| 5 | بيكم توفيقه امان الله خان | ٣ |
| 5 | محترم عرفان احمه صديقي | ~ |
| 5 | محتر معمران ضياء | ۵ |
| 4 | محترم احسان الرحمك خان | ۲ |
| 4 | محترم خالدرجمان خان | ۷ |

آ ڈٹ میٹی

بورڈ زآف ڈائر کیٹرزنے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی پیروی کرتے ہوئے آڈٹ کمیٹی بنائی ہےاور جن کے نام کمپنی کے معلوماتی صفحے پرموجود ہیں۔

HR اورخد مات کے صلے کی تمینی

بورڈ آف ڈئر کیٹرزنے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی پیروی کرتے ہوئے HRاورخد مات کے صلے کی کمیٹی بنائی ہےاور جن کے نام کمپنی کے معلوماتی صفح پر موجود ہیں۔

ا يكسٹرنل آ ڈيٹر

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے میسرزمشاق اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ آکا وَنٹس کوا گلے سالا نہ اجلاس تک کے لیے اکیٹرنل آڈیٹر کے طور پر دوبارہ نامز دکرنے کی سفارش کی ہے

مجكم بورد آف د ائر يكٹرز

سى **- اى - او** بتاریخ : ۶۹ اکتوبر ۲۰۱۷



مستقبل کے امکانات

پاکستان کے سپننگ اور و یونگ کے انتہائی برے حالات ملک میں پیداوار کی زیادہ لاگت کی وجہ سے ہیں جو کہ ہمسایہ مملک سے زیادہ لاگت کی وجہ سے ہیں جو کہ ہمسایہ مملک سے زیادہ ہے۔ سمندر پار کی مارکیٹ کم قیمت ہونے کی وجہ سے ملک میں سرائیت کر چکی ہے۔ مستقل نقصان کی وجہ سے ہمیں اپناسپننگ یونٹ بند کرنا پڑا ہے اور جس کی وجہ سے ہم مزید نقصان سے محفوظ رہے ہیں۔ مارکیٹ کی موجودہ صور تحال فائدہ مند نہیں ہے جس کی وجہ سے ہم آئے والاسال مشکلات سے بھر پورد کیور ہے ہیں۔ تا ہم مینجمنٹ تمام مسائل کوئل کرنے کے لئے انتہائی ضروری اقد امات کر رہی ہے۔ ٹیکسٹائل کی صنعت گورنمنٹ کی طرف سے اصلاحات کی منتظر ہے جس سے صنعت کی فروخت میں اضافہ ہواور پیداوار کی لاگت کم ہو۔

د بود ن**ڈ** کی تقسیم

کمپنی باقی مانده ڈیوڈ نڈ کاطریقہ کارا پنارہی ہےاورور کنگ کپیل کی بیس کو بڑھارہی تا کہ ہولڈنگ سے فائدہ حاصل کیا جاسکے۔

كاربوريث اور مالياتي ربور تنگ فريم ورك كابيان

کوڈ آ ف کارپوریٹ گورننس کےمطابق ہم مندرجہ ذیل کارپوریٹ اور فنانشل رپورٹنگ کے طریقہ کارکی ٹیٹمنٹ بیان کرہے ہیں۔

- ا۔ سمپنی کی مینجنٹ کی طرف سے پیش کردہ فنانشل شیٹمنٹ شفاف طریقے سے اسکے معاملات ، آپریشن کے نتائج ، رقم کے بہاؤاورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کو بیان کررہی ہے۔
 - ۲۔ کمپنی کے بکآف اکاؤنٹ اچھے طریقے سے برقر ارد کھے جارہے ہیں۔
- سور IFRS انٹریشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ سٹینڈرز اور IAS انٹریشنل آڈیٹنگ سٹینڈرز جیسے پاکستان میں نافذ العمل ہیں، فنانشل سٹیٹمنٹ اسکے مطابق بنائی گئی ہیں اوران سے روگر دانی کوا چھے طریقے سے بیان کر دیا گیا ہے۔
 - ۴۔ مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ یالیسی کومتنقل مزاجی سے استعال کرتے ہوئے فنانشل سیٹمنٹ کو بنایا گیا ہے۔
 - ۵۔ انٹرنل کنٹرول کاطریقہ کارمضبوط ہےاوراسکو بہترین طریقہ سے اپنایا جارہا ہے اوراس پرنظر رکھی جارہی ہے،اس کے طریقہ کارکامسلسل جائزہ لیا جا تارہے گا اورانٹرنل کنٹرول کے حوالے سے کسی بھی کمزوری کوختم کر دیا جائے گا۔
 - ۲۔ سمینی کے منصوبوں اور امور کی انجام دہی کے لیے اسکی صلاحیت پر کوئی شک نہیں ہے۔
 - ے۔ کسٹینگ ریگولیشنز کیمطابق کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں میں کوئی بے ضابطگی عمل میں نہیں آئی ہے۔
 - ۸۔ گزشتہ یا نچ سال کا اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا خلاصے کی شکل میں ساتھ لگا دیا گیا ہے۔
 - 9- 30 جون 2017ء تک کوئی جرمانہ واجب الا دانہیں ہے۔
 - ا۔ حصدداری کی ترتیب اوراضا فی معلومات ساتھ لگادی گئی ہیں۔
- اا۔ کوئی بھی ڈائر یکٹر CEO,CFO یا کمپنی سیکرٹری یا ان کے Spouses یا مائز چاِ کلٹر کمپنی کے صص کی تجارت میں دوران سال ملوث نہیں رہے ہیں۔



سالا نہ کارکردگی کو پچھلے سال کے ساتھ ذیل میں موازنہ کروایا گیاہے

| | سال 2017 | بال 2016 مال 2016 |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------------------|
| , | روپي | روپي |
| خالص فروخت | 1,816,846,285 | 1,742,091,665 |
| فروخت کی لاگت - | 1,922,636,708 | 1,756,846,668 |
| مجموعى خساره | (105,790,423) | (14,755,003) |
| و سطری بیوش لاگ ت | 8,135,139 | 7,283,756 |
| انتظامی اخراجات | 18,012,391 | 20,009,908 |
| دیگرآ پریٹنگ اخراجات | 5,116,680 | 2,141,119 |
| | 31,264,210 | 29,434,783 |
| آپریٹنگ خسارہ | (137,054,633) | (44,189,786) |
| دیگرآ پریٹنگ آمدنی | 41,450 | 72,971 |
| | (137,013,183) | (44,116,815) |
| فنانس لاگت | 20,064,122 | 23,647,324 |
| ٹیکس سے پہلے کا خسارہ | (157,077,305) | (67,764,139) |
| | | |

اختتام شدہ سال 30 جون 2017ء کے دوران فروخت 1.742 بلین رویے سے 1.817 بلین رویے تک بڑھ گئی ہے۔

جائزہ پذیر سال میں مجموعی نقصان 105.790 ملین روپے ہے جبکہ پچھلے سال میں 14.755 ملین روپے کا مجموعی نقصان تھا۔ جبکہ موجودہ سال میں ٹیکس سے پہلے نقصان 67.764 ملین روپے تھا میں ٹیکس سے پہلے نقصان 67.764 ملین روپے تھا جائزہ پذیر سال میں پیداواری لاگت بہت زیادہ بڑھ گئی ہے جو کہ خاص طور پر سال کی آخری سہ ماہی میں خام مال کی قیمتوں کے بڑھنے کی وجہ سے اور پیداوار کے زیادہ ہونے کی وجہ سے باس کے ساتھ ساتھ حکومت کی طرف سے تخواہ اور اجرت میں اضافہ اور دوسری استعال شدہ اشیاء کی قیمت میں غیر تھینی صورت حال کیوجہ سے جو کہ لاگت کی افراط زر کی شرح میں اضافہ کیوجہ سے وقوع پذیر ہوا ہے۔ گرتی ہوئی قیمت فروخت اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ بنانے کی لاگت میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے بینقصان وقوع پذیر ہوا ہے۔ گرتی ہوئی فیمت فروخت اور اس

اعتراف

ہم عاجزی اور ممنونیت کے ساتھ اپنے سراللہ و سبحانہ و تعالیٰ کے سامنے جھکاتے ہیں جو بہت مہر بان ،رحم کرنے والا ہے کہ ہم کور ہنمائی دے اور امید کرتے ہیں کے کمپنی اس کے انعام اور فضل سے بہرہ مند ہوتی رہے گی۔ ہم اس موقع بر قابل قدر سٹاف ، شیئر ہولڈرز اور قابل قدر گا مک ، سیلائرز اور بینکوں کے تعاون اور مسلسل مدد کے لیے مشکور ہیں۔



ڈائر یکٹرزر بوٹ

ریدکوٹیکٹائلزلمیٹڈ کے ڈائریکٹرز 26واں سالانہ میزانیہ بمعہ آڈیٹڈفنانشل ٹیٹٹنٹ اور آڈیٹررپورٹ جو کہ اختتا م شدہ سال 30 جون 2017ء کے لیے ہے اور باقی ضروری معلومات جو کہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس میں واضح کی گئی ہیں کوپیش کرتے ہوئے بہت خوشی محسوس کررہے ہیں مجموعی جائزہ:

مجموعی جائزہ:

مالیاتی سال 2017 تمام ٹیکٹائل کی صنعت کے لئے ایک مشکل دورتھا۔ توانائی کا بحران اور پیداوار کی لاگت اہم مسائل تھے۔ کمپنی کو اختتام شدہ سال 2017 تمان کی صنعت کے لئے ایک مشکل دورتھا۔ توانائی کا بحران اور خالص نقصان بعداز ٹیکس 2017 ملین اور پیر ہا اور خالص نقصان بعداز ٹیکس 2017 ملین ملک کی روپے رہا اور اس کے ساتھ منفی منافع 30.592 فی تصصر ہا۔ برآ مدات میں مستقل کی کے ساتھ ساتھ قیمت اور تعداد کی تھی ملک کی معاشی صورتحال کے لئے خطر ناک رہے۔ مالیاتی سال 2017 ایک ہنگا مہ خیز سال تھا۔ روئی کی کم پیداوار نے حالات کو بگاڑا ہے۔ بیرونی مارکیٹ میں طلب کی کمی وجہ سے دھا گداور کپڑا کی قیمت کمی کا شکار ہے۔ ہمیں خسارہ اور پیداوار کی نیادہ میں معاشی کی دوبر سے دوران سال دھا گہ کی پیداوار میں کمی کرنا پڑی۔ 19 اپر یار 2017 کو کمپنی نے وقتی طور پر سپنگ یونٹ کی پیداوار کو دیا اورارا دہ رکھتی ہے کہ اپنی مشینری اور پلانٹ کے توازن ، جدیداور متبادل (BMR) کے بعد پیداوار کا دوبارہ آغاز کر ہے گلا اس کا تعلق بینکوں یا مالیاتی اداروں کے قرض سے ہوگا۔ دوسری صورت میں ڈائر کیٹرز اپنا سرمایہ لگا کئیں گے۔ موجودہ حالات میں اس کا تعلق بینکوں یا مالیاتی اداروں کے قرض سے ہوگا۔ دوسری صورت میں ڈائر کیٹرز اپنا سرمایہ لگا کئیں گے۔ موجودہ حالات میں بہترین نتائج کے لئے منصوبہ بندی کررہی ہے۔

آپریشنل کار کردگی:

موجودہ صورتحال میں ٹیکسٹائل کے کاروبار میں کمی کے رجحان کی وجہ سے اور مشکل کاروباری اور معاشی حالت کی وجہ سے اور اہم طور پر عالمی کساد بازاری کی وجہ سے ہماری پیداوار کی لاگت ہمارے پڑوئی مما لک سے زیادہ ہے۔ نمپنی کو اختتام شدہ سال 30 جون 2017 میں قبل ازئیکس نقصان 157.077 ملین روپے (30 جون 2016 میں 67.764 ملین روپے) ہے۔



FORM OF PROXY REDCO TEXTILES LIMITED

| | | Ledger fo | lio no | and/or, |
|---|--|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| The Company Secretary, Redco Textiles Limited, Redco Arcade, 78-E, Blue Area, Islamabad. | CDC Participant ID | no | Sub-Acco | unt no |
| I/ We | of | | | |
| Appoint | | | | |
| Of | | | | |
| Failing him/ her | | | | |
| Of | | | | |
| As my/ our proxy to attend a Meeting of the company to adjournment thereof. | and vote for me/ us o | n my/ our be | half, at the 2 | 26 th Annual General |
| As witness me/ our hand(s) t | his | _ day of | | _ 2017 |
| | | | Affix Revenue Stamp | |
| (Signatu | Signed ire appended above sh registere | | ith the specir | |

NOTE:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy in accordance with Article 56 of Association of the Company, Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at 78-E, Redco Arcade, Islamabad the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. In case of proxy for an individual beneficial owner of shares from CDC, attested copies of beneficial owners computerized National Identity Card or passport, Account and Participant's I.D. number must be deposited alongwith the form of proxy. In case of proxy for representative of corporate members from CDC, Board of Directors' resolution and power of attorney and the specimen signature of the nominee must be deposited along with the form of proxy. The proxy shall produce his/her original Computerized National Identity Card or passport at the time of meeting.



| | | يونمبر ——— اورريا، | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| نٹ نمبر | سباكاؤ | ی۔ میں شریک کارآئی۔ڈی نمبر | ريْدُكُو ٹيكسٹا تلزلمڻيڙ سي-ڏ |
| | | | |
| | | | کمپنی سیکرٹری پرین برال سرموس |
| | | | ریْدُوٹیکسٹاکلزلمٹیڈ، ریْدُوآرکیڈ، E-78 |
| | | | بليوا ريا، اسلام آباد |
| | | ساكن | میں رہم |
| | | | تقرر |
| | | | ساكن |
| | | | عدم موجودگی ستمی رمسها ة |
| | | | ساكن |
| اریخ 31اکتوبر2017ء | | | کوبطور مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگہ |
| | | | بوقت 10:00 بجے منعقد ہور ہاہے، میں اوراس |
| £2017 ——— | مهینه | — تاریخهذا — | وستخط بقلم خود |
| | 0.0 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| ربونيو | | | و شخط تاریخ هذا |
| R | (|) شدہ دستخط سے مطابقت رکھتے ہوں . | (مندرجہ بالا دشخط پہلے سے کمپنی کے رجٹر میں اندراج |
| | | | • |
| " " " K" " 1 FO | ر سی دلشہ ہو: سمینی سے د | ۱۳۰۸ کس می اگسیاد | ا نو ط مده مدالته ملاش می کالانتشانت |
| | | • | ا۔ حصہ دار جواجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کا استحقاق م |
| | | | کرسکتا ہے، پراکسی دستاویزات موئٹر ہونے کے لیےا' میں ماریس کرفتہ شد میں مقابل کے ایسا |
| • | ' | | اور بیا جلاس کے مقرر شدہ وقت سے 48 گھنٹے قبل تک |
| معران کاف کو ش | السي فا مركبه اتمه فاي د | ومند بالک کی طرف سے ہوں ووہر | ۲۔ وہ پراکسی جوسی ڈی سی کی جانب سے انفرادی فائد |

وہ پراکسی جوتی ڈی سی کی جانب سے کارپوریٹ حصہ دار کا نمائندہ ہووہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی کرار دا داور مختار نامہ اور نامز فر د کے نمونہ دستخطالا زمی

کمپوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کارڈ کی کا پی یا پاسپورٹ کی کی کا بی ،ا کاؤنٹ اور Participants ID نمبرلاز می جمع کروائیں۔

پراکسی کواجلاس میں شرکت کے وقت اپنااصل کمپوٹرائز ڈقومی شناختی کارڈ دکھا ناضروری ہوگا۔

طور پر پاکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کروائیں۔



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